

LAMSAS Pronunciation

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LSA.107 Dialectology in the Aggregate

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Summer, 2005

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This Lecture: LAMSAS Pronunciation

LSA Dialects

- Levenshtein distance applied to pronunciations
- LAMSAS feature system
- Clustering, MDS, etc. applied to pronunciation distances



Aggregate Pronunciation Difference

LSA Dialects

Dialectometry (Séguy, Goebel) has focused on collecting lots of features, treated as qualitative variables.

Levenshtein distance (aka “edit distance”, “string distance”) provides a way to measure pronunciation difference numerically.

- numerical, therefore additive
- collect random sample of pronunciations (of the same word)
- use sum of differences as **aggregate pronunciation distance** between varieties



Experimental material

LSA Dialects

LAMSAS: Linguistic Atlas of the Middle and South Atlantic States

- data collection 1933–1974
- 71% of data collected by Guy Lowman 1933–1941
- most analyses based on lexical overlap
- now maintained by Bill Kretzschmar
- restriction to Lowman data: NC VA WV DC DE MD PA NY
 - omitting FL, GA, SC because geographically dispersed
 - apparent transcriber effects (see remarks on lexicon)



Data Preparation

LSA Dialects

- Parser recognizes a segment as a sequence of:
 1. zero or more pre-modifiers
 2. one head
 3. zero or more post-modifiers
- Results:
 - 57803 strings (99.95%) parsed correctly
 - 30 strings (0.05%) rejected



Some numbers

LSA Dialects

92,537 strings, 1.3 mil. phonetic tokens

363 locations, 797 informants

On average, 14.0 characters per string, parsed into 7.9 sound tokens per string

1,677 unique sounds (combinations of heads and modifiers)

1,132 unique vowel sounds



LAMSAS Feature System

LSA Dialects

Strategy: contrast analysis with LAMSAS's feature system (design by Kurath and Lowman) with the simple analysis in which segments are alike or different

One feature, DIRECTION, is not instantiated anywhere in Lowman's data. We ignore it, since it doesn't distinguish anything.



Feature: VOICE

LSA Dialects

p	t	k	θ	s	...	0
m	b	g	ð	z	...	0.1
vowels						0.1



Feature: NASAL

LSA Dialects

m	ɱ	n	ɳ	ŋ	0.1
all others					0



Feature: ORAL

LSA Dialects

m	ɱ	n	ɳ	ŋ	0
l	ɭ	ɮ	ʌ	ɹ	0.15
all others					0.05



Feature: CLOSURE

LSA Dialects

ɹ	ɹ							0.025
n	l	ʌ	p	d	g	...		0.05
f	z	ɹ	x	w	...			0
vowels								0



Feature: ORIFICE

LSA Dialects

p	t	g	...	0	i	y	0.23	ə	0.33	ɐ	0.44				
f	z	ʒ	x	...	0.1	ɪ	ʊ	0.25	ə	ø	o	0.35	æ	0.45	
m	l	ʌ	ɹ	...	0.2	ɪ	ʏ	ʉ	0.28	ə		0.36	ɑ	ɒ	0.48
ʔ	h	ɦ		0.35	ɪ	ʊ	0.29	ɛ	ə		0.38	ɑ		0.5	
					e	ø	0.3	ɜ	ɜ	ʌ	0.4	a		0.53	
					ɤ	u	0.31	ɔ			0.43				



Feature: PLACE

LSA Dialects

m	p	b	Φ	β	0	i	y	0.6	e		0.86
ɱ	f	v	F	υ	0.1	e	ø	0.65	ɤ	u	0.88
θ	ð				0.2	ɪ	ʏ	0.68	ɑ		0.89
n	l	ɭ	ʟ	ɾ	ɹ	t	0.3	ɛ	ə		0.9
d	s	z	ʃ	ʒ	r	R	0.3	æ	ɨ	ʉ	0.93
ʃ	ʒ				0.45	ɸ	ʊ	0.78	ɔ		0.95
ɹ	ʎ	c	ɟ	ç	j	ɥ	0.6	a	ə	ø	0.98
ʔ	h	ɦ			0.8	ɜ	ɞ	0.83			
ŋ	k	g	x	ɣ	w	0.9					



Feature: PLACE2

LSA Dialects

U	W	0
l		0.45
ɹ	ʁ	0.9
all others		undefined



Feature: ROUNDING

LSA Dialects

ɪ	ɪ	e	ɛ	æ	a	ɪ̥	ɪ̥	ə	ə	ə̥	ɜ	ɐ	ɑ	ʊ	ʏ	ʌ	ɑ̥	0
ʏ	ʏ	ø	ø	ɘ	ɘ	ɐ̥	ʊ	ʊ	o	ə̥	ɔ	ɒ						0.9

consonants

undefined



Feature: APEX

LSA Dialects

$\mathfrak{x}$	0
$\mathfrak{r} \ \varnothing$	0.1
all others	0.05



Feature: GLOTTIS

LSA Dialects

?	0
h ĥ	0.1
all others	0.05



Feature: LENGTH

LSA Dialects

r	ɹ	p	b	t	d	c	ʃ	k	g	ʔ	0
all others											0.05



Feature modifiers: consonants (1)

LSA Dialects

C^h	$glottis = 0.025$
C^h_j	unknown, ignored
$\overset{>}{C}$ $\overset{>}{C}$ $C^>$	backing, $place = place \times 1.08$
$\overset{<}{C}$ $C^<$	fronting, $place = place \times 0.92$
$C^\bullet$	half long (long??), $length = 0.1$
$\tilde{C}$	implosive ???, ignored
$\overset{\circ}{C}$	unknown, ignored
$\underset{\sim}{C}$	unknown, ignored
$\underset{\cdot}{C}$	retroflexion / r-color, $apex = 0.1$
$\overset{\circ}{C}$	unvoicing, $voice = 0.05$



Feature modifiers: consonants (2)

LSA Dialects

- ◌̤ voicing, *voice* = 0.05
- ◌̦ dentalization, *place2* = 0.25
- ◌̥ unknown, ignored
- ◌̬ lenis, *voice* = 0.05
- ◌̭ syllabic, ignored
- ◌̮ labialization, ignored
- ◌̯ palatalization, *place2* = 0.6
- ◌̰ velarization, *place2* = 0.9
- ◌̱ unknown, ignored
- ◌̲ nasalization, *nasal* = 0.1



Feature modifiers: vowels

LSA Dialects

- : long (overlong ??), $length = 0.15$
- ◌̠ pharyngealization ???, ignored
- ◌̡ r-color, $apex = 0.1$
- ◌̤ unvoicing, $voice = 0.05$
- ◌̥ spreading, $rounding = rounding - 0.3$
- ◌̦ rounding, $rounding = rounding + 0.3$
- ◌̧ raising, $orifice = orifice \times 0.9$
- ◌̨ half long (long?), $length = 0.1$
- ◌̩ < ◌̪ fronting, $place = place \times 0.92$
- ◌̪ > ◌̩ lowering, $orifice = orifice \times 1.1$
- ◌̫ > ◌̪ backing, $place = place \times 1.08$
- ◌̬ short, $length = 0$
- ◌̭ nasalization, $nasal = 0.1$



differences between feature sets

LSA Dialects

- sum of all differences
- when comparing a normal character with a superscript character, the sum of feature differences is multiplied by 0.7
- when comparing two superscript characters, the sum of feature differences is multiplied by $0.7 \times 0.7 = 0.49$
- character ' ' is treated as superscript ' ? '
- character ' ` ' is treated as superscript ' h '
- for *place2*:
 - both missing: 0
 - one missing: 0.3
 - weight: 0.5
- for *rounding*:
 - both missing: 0
 - one missing: 0.5



Feature Value Frequencies

LSA Dialects

feature	value	LAMSAS	LOWMAN
weight	0.7	67822	48817
weight	1	773834	586279
weight	1.1	17037	7839
weight	1.2	26028	10873
apex	0	3503	1762
apex	0.05	827237	610786
apex	0.1	53981	41260
closure	0	604687	445168
closure	0.025	6613	5078
closure	0.05	273421	203562
direction	0	884721	653808
glottis	0	1778	1510
glottis	0.025	818	806
glottis	0.05	870917	646219
glottis	0.1	11208	5273



Feature Value Frequencies

LSA Dialects

feature	value	LAMSAS	LOWMAN
length	0	164808	123095
length	0.05	664743	494588
length	0.1	53930	34917
length	0.15	1240	1208
nasal	0	795202	587980
nasal	0.1	89519	65828
oral	0	86961	64197
oral	0.05	760399	561630
oral	0.15	37361	27981
place2	0	23134	16961
place2	0.25	403	288
place2	0.45	1060	550
place2	0.6	1648	1191
place2	0.9	17632	15335



Feature Value Frequencies

LSA Dialects

feature	value	LAMSAS	LOWMAN		
rounding	-0.3	56	6		
rounding	0	315400	233565		
rounding	0.3	2566	1392		
rounding	0.6	1073	927		
rounding	0.9	74215	55347		
rounding	1.2	459	296		
voice	0	195753	142301		
voice	0.05	9670	4501		
voice	0.1	679298	507006		
orifice	51 values			min 0	max 0.58
place	53 values			min 0	max. 1.06



Example Computation: *bottom*

LSA Dialects

GA1H! Savannah --- PA29B Clinton Co.

'bɑt̚əm			---		bɒrəm	
b	ɑ	t̚	ə		m	
b	ɒ	r	ə		m	
0	1.08	1.355	1.355	1.355	1.355	
'			b		ɑ	t̚
	b		ɒ	r	ə	m
1	1	2	4	6	6	6



Example Computation: *ten*

LSA Dialects

GA1N Savannah --- PA29A Clinton Co.

$t \text{ } ^{\circ} \text{ } I \text{ } n$ --- $t \text{ } ^{\circ} \text{ } \varepsilon \text{ } n$

t $^{\circ}$ I n

t $^{\circ}$ ε n

0 0.07 0.24 0.24

t $^{\circ}$ I n

t ε $^{\circ}$ n

0 2 4 4



GA1H! Savannah --- PA29A Clinton Co.

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Example Computation: *four*

LSA Dialects

GA1B Savannah --- PA29B Clinton Co.

f	o	•	ə	---	f	ɔ	ə	•
f		o	•	ə				
f		ɔ		ə	•			
0		0.15		0.25				
f				o	•		ə	
f	ɔ	ə	•		•			
0	1	2	4	4	5			



Example Computation: *forty*

LSA Dialects

GA1H! Savannah --- PA29B Clinton Co.

f	ɔ	ˀ	•	ə	t	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ
f	ɔ	ˀ	•	ə	t	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ
f	ɔ	ˀ	•	ə	t	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ
0	0.169	0.219	0.494	0.5564						
f	ɔ	ˀ	•	ə	t	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ
f	ɔ	ˀ	•	ə	t	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ	ɹ
0	0	1	2	4	6	8	8	8	8	9



Example Computation: *chair*

LSA Dialects

GA1H! Savannah --- PA29A Clinton Co.

$t \int e \cdot \emptyset$ --- $t \int \varepsilon \varnothing \cdot$

t $\int$ $e \cdot$ $\emptyset$

t $\int$ ε $\varnothing \cdot$

0 0 0.18 0.28

t $\int$ e $\cdot$ $\emptyset$

t $\int$ ε $\varnothing$ $\cdot$

0 0 1 3 3 4



Example Computation: *Wednesday*

LSA Dialects

GA1F! Savannah --- PA29B Clinton Co.

$w\tilde{\varepsilon}$		$\check{\tilde{\varepsilon}}$	$\tilde{\varepsilon}$	$nzd\mp$		---	$w\varepsilon nzd\mp$					
w		$\tilde{\varepsilon}$	$\check{\tilde{\varepsilon}}$		$\tilde{\varepsilon}$	n	z	d	$\mp$			
w		ε				n	z	d	$\mp$			
0		0.138	0.593	0.593	0.593	0.593	0.593	0.593	0.593			
w	ε	$\sim$	$\check{\tilde{\varepsilon}}$	{	ε	$\sim$	}	n	z	d	i	-
w	ε							n	z	d	i	-
0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	6	6	6	6	6



Example Computation: *thirty*

LSA Dialects

GA1E Savannah --- PA29A Clinton Co.

θ	3	^	<	±	t	±	^	<	---	θ	ə	t	±	^
θ		3	^	<	±	t		±	^	<				
θ		ə			t		±	^						
0		0.0964	0.6074	0.6574	0.7198									
θ	3	^	<	{	I	-	}	t	√	I	-	^	<	
θ								ə	t	√	I	-	^	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	8	10	10	10	10	11	



Example Computation: *dry spell*

LSA Dialects

GA1H! Savannah --- PA29B Clinton Co.

dɹaː · ə 'spɛ ˌ l									dra ˌ · ɸ spɛː ɹ								
d	ɹ	aː	·	ə	s	p	ɛ ˌ	l									
d	r	a ˌ	·	ɸ	s	p	ɛ	ː	ɹ								
0	0.2	0.381	0.461	0.461	0.461	0.5738	1.0288	1.1788									
d	ɹ	a	ˌ	·	ə	\$	'	s	p	ɛ	ˌ	ː	l				
d	r	a	ˌ	·	ɸ	\$		s	p	ɛ	{	ː	}	ɹ			
0	2	2	3	5	5	6	8	8	9	9	9	9	10	12	14	16	



Example Computation: *afternoon*

LSA Dialects

GA1G! Savannah --- PA7C Lancaster Co.

'æ _v əftə,nʊ·n						--- ,æftər'nʊ·n																											
æ _v		ə		f		t		ə		n		ʊ·		n																			
æ				f		t		ə		r		n		u·		n																	
0.0594		0.5144		0.5144		0.5144		0.5144		1.3644		1.3644		1.6152		1.6152																	
'		æ		v		{		ə		}		f		t		ə				,		n		u		-		·		n			
,		æ										f		t		ə		r				'		n		u				·		n	
2		2		3		4		5		6		6		6		6		7		9		9		9		10		10		10			



Example Computation *my wife*

LSA Dialects

GA1H! Savannah --- PA29A Clinton Co.

m e _v w e _v I > f					---			m a ± ^ w a ± ^ f			
m		e _v			w		e _v	I >		f	
m		a		± ^	w		a		± ^	f	
0		0.106		0.865	0.865		0.971		1.0356	1.0356	
m				e _v	\$	w		e _v		I	> f
m	a	I -		^	\$	w		a	I -	^	f
0	1	2	4	6	6	6	7	9	9	10	12 12



Example Computation: *Georgia*

LSA Dialects

GA1H! Savannah --- PA7B Lancaster Co.

dʒɔʌ<• ^ə dʒə						---		dʒɔʌəʒdʒə			
d	ʒ	ɔʌ<• ^ə				d	ʒ	ə			
d	ʒ	ɔʌəʒ				d	ʒ	ə			
0	0	0.126	0.161	0.161	0.161	0.161	0.161				
d	ʒ	ɔ	ʌ	<	•	{	ə	}	d	ʒ	ə
d	ʒ	ɔ	ʌ					əʒ	d	ʒ	ə
0	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	6	6	6	6



Example Computation: *Georgia* (again)

LSA Dialects

GA1H! Savannah --- PA7C Lancaster Co.

dʒɔ^ < • ^ə dʒə								tʃɔrtʃə					
d	ʒ	ɔ^	<	• ^ə				d	ʒ	ə			
t	ʒ	ɔ		r				t	ʒ	ə			
0.05	0.1	0.269	1.109	1.159	1.209	1.209							
		d	ʒ	ɔ	^	<	•	{	ə	}	d	ʒ	ə
t	_	ʃ	_	ɔ				r	t	_	ʃ	_	ə
1	2	4	6	6	7	8	9	11	13	15	17	19	19



Example Computation: *fog*

LSA Dialects

GA1A Savannah --- PA7C Lancaster Co.

f	p	^	•	ə	g	---	f	a	>	g
f		p	^	•	ə					g
f				a	>					g
0		0.962	1.1798	1.2298						
f	p	^	•	{	ə	}				g
f					a	>				g
0	1	2	3	4	6	8	8			9



Example Computation: *feet*

LSA Dialects

GA1H! Savannah --- PA5D Chester Co.

fi· ^ə t			fi i _v t			haɪ	
f	i·	^ə	t				
f	ɪ	i _v	t	h	a	ɪ	
0	0.18	0.3879	0.3879	0.4879	1.3179	2.0479	
f	i	·	{	ə	}	t	
f	ɪ	i		v	t	\$	h a ɪ -
0	1	1	2	3	4	6	6 7 8 9 10 11



Analyzing Results: Clustering

LSA Dialects

Composite Clustering.

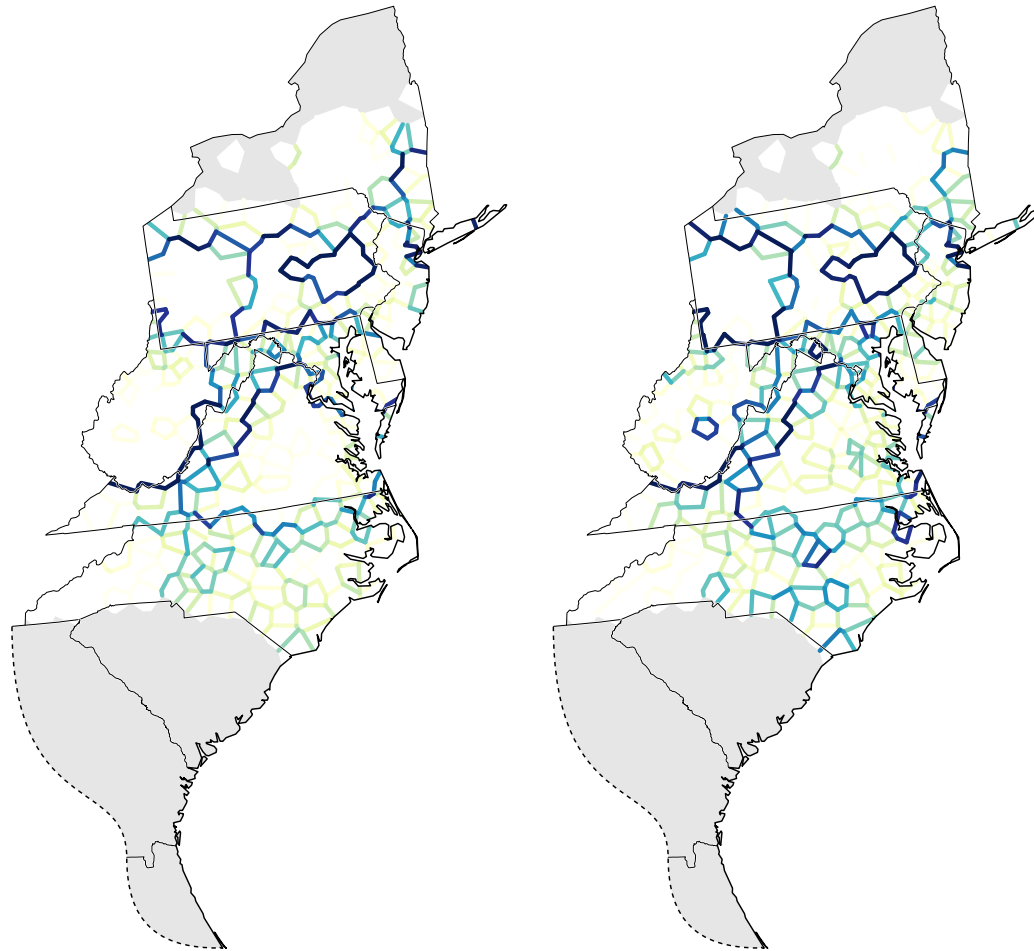
Repeat (50 times)

- cluster using weighted average and group average, include noise (0.5 standard deviations)
- draw each division in each dendrogram, redrawing when division is re-used (making lines darker through redrawing)



Symbols vs. Features

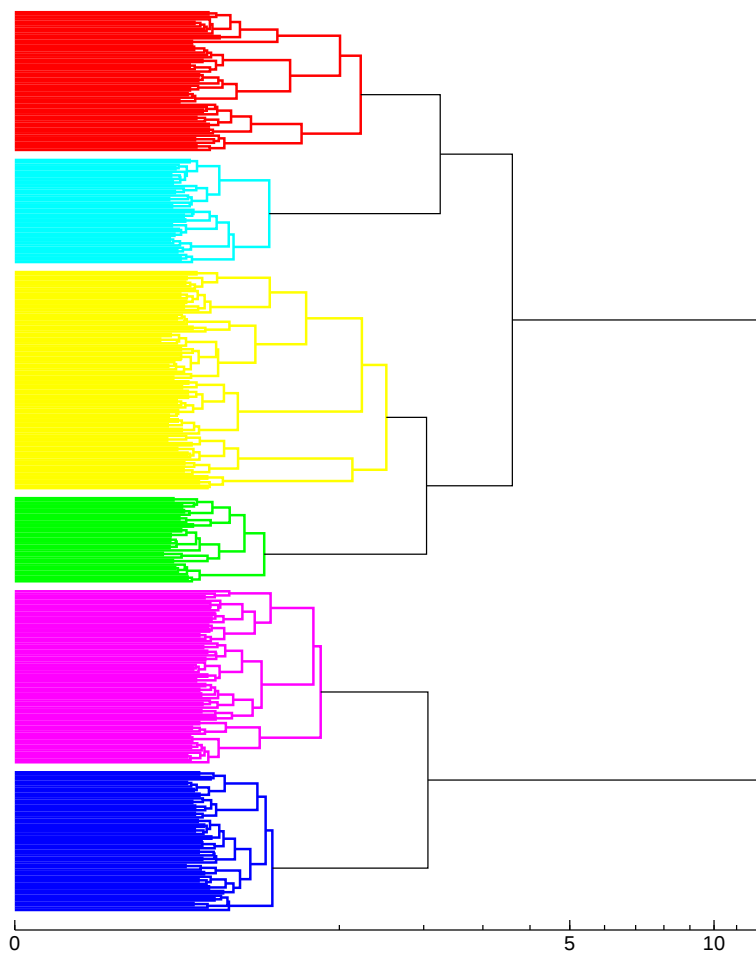
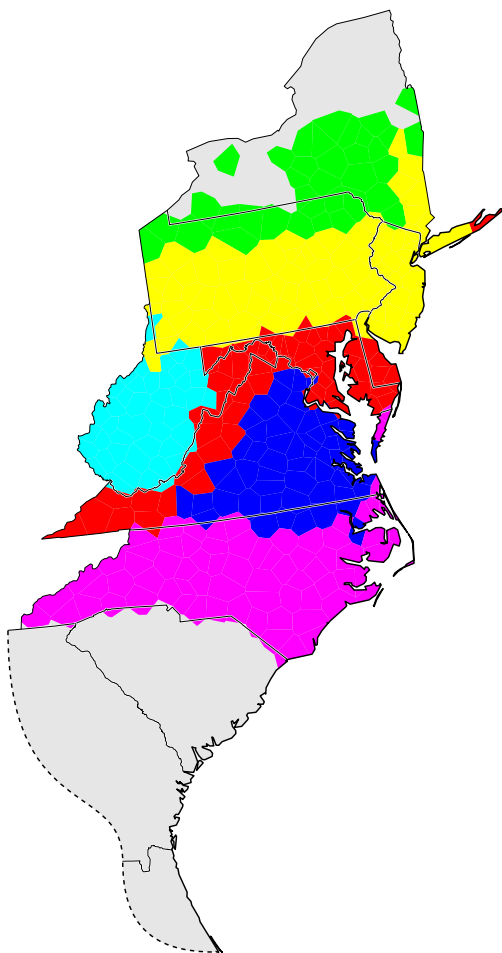
LSA Dialects





Symbols

LSA Dialects

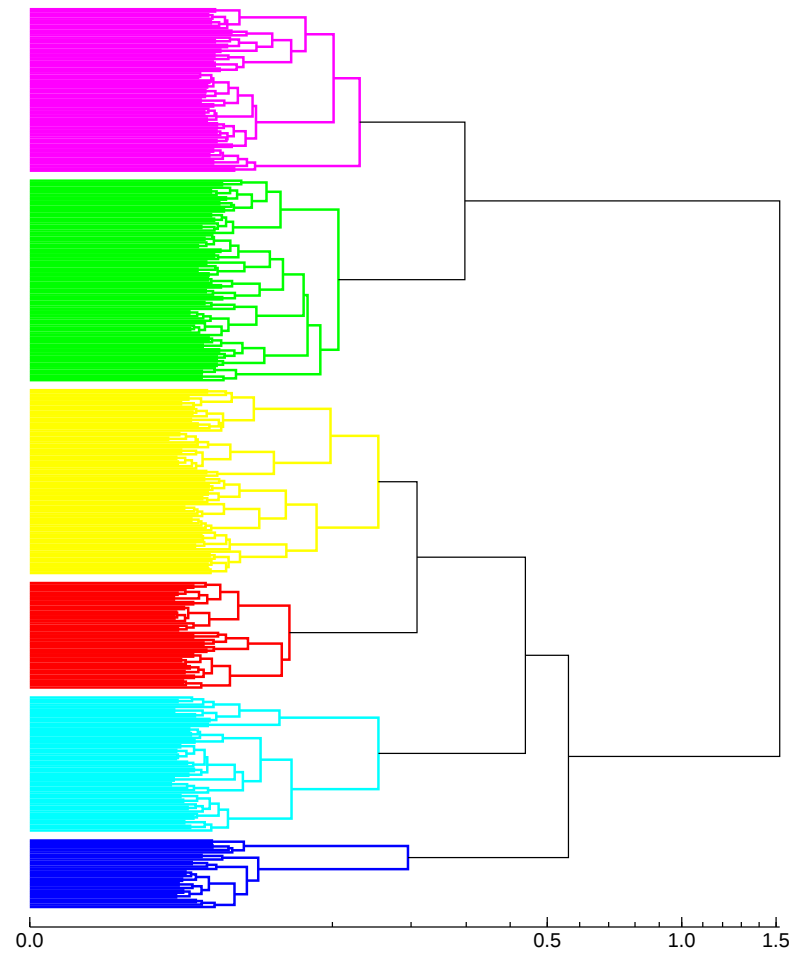
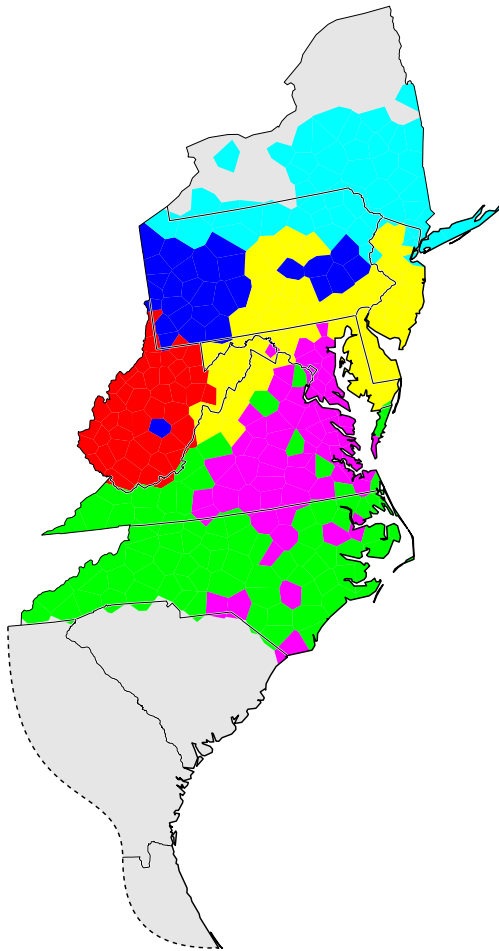


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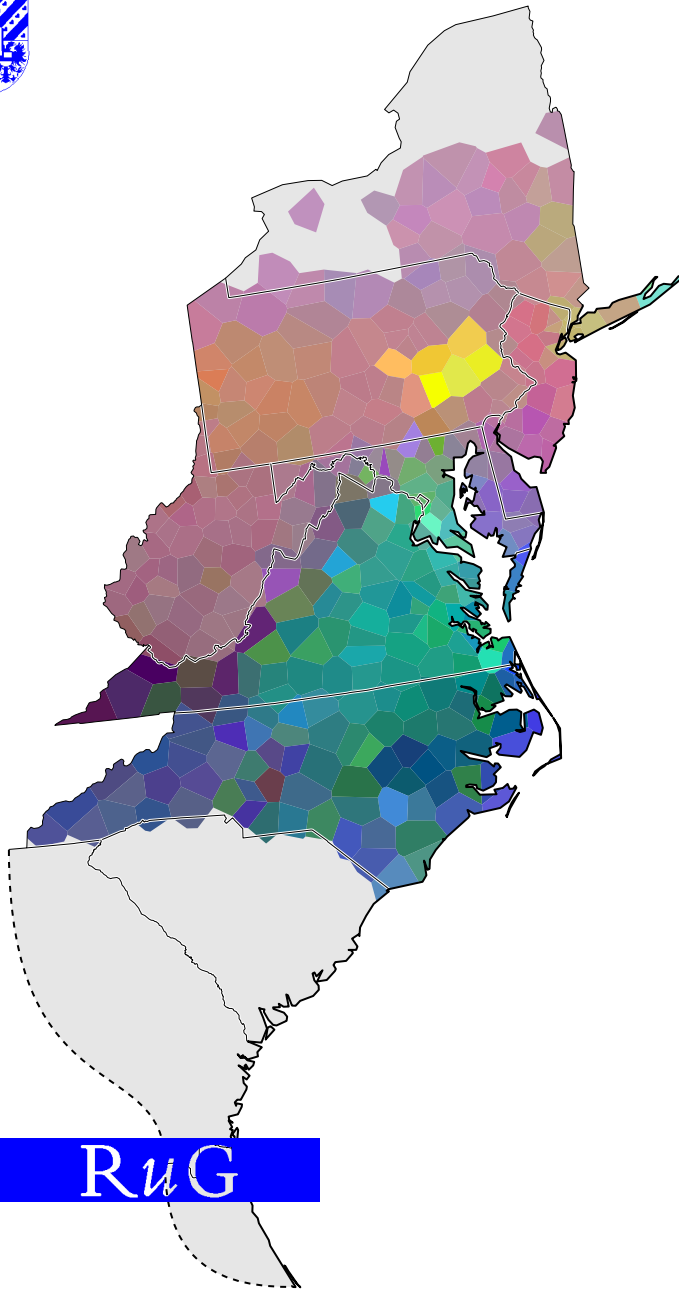


Features

LSA Dialects

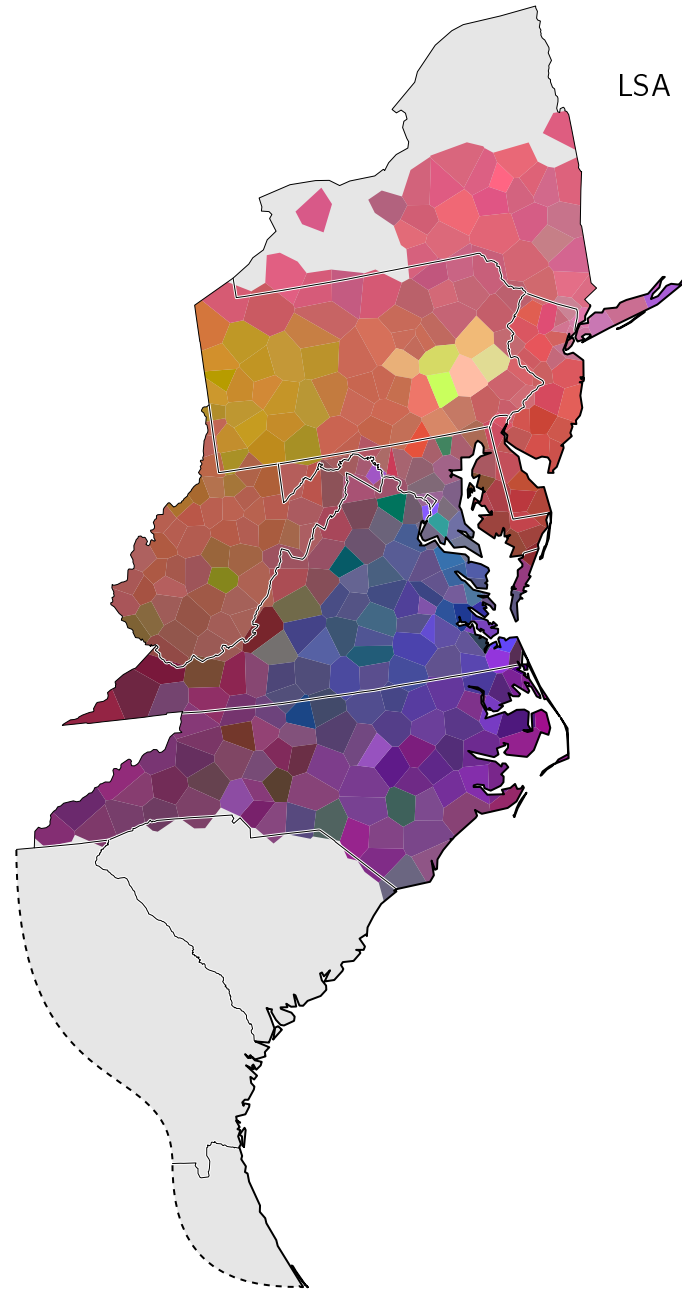


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RuG

LSA Dialects





Conclusions

LSA Dialects

- Levenshtein distances provides a useful way to measure pronunciation distance among dialect atlas data, allowing cartography emphasizing dialect areas as well as dialect continua
- Puzzle: the more sensitive feature-based techniques do not appear to lead to much improved analyses. Either the analyses are little better or the situation is very noisy (or both)
- We need more rigorous assessment of which techniques are probative