

A wide-angle landscape photograph of the Scottish Highlands. In the foreground, a grassy hillside slopes down towards a valley. The valley floor is dotted with small buildings and green fields. A winding road cuts through the valley. In the middle ground, a large, dark green mountain range rises, with a deep blue lake nestled among its peaks. The background features more mountain ranges under a clear, light blue sky.

Scottish English

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Introduction

- Broad Scots vs Scottish Standard English
- History of Scots
- Description

Phonology: Vowels

- **PURE VOWELS**

/ɪ/	/ɪ/	bid, pit
/i:/	/i/	bead, peat
/ɛ/	/ɛ/	bed, pet
/eɪ/	/e/	bay, hey,fate
/æ/	/a/	bad, pat
/a:/	/a/	balm, father, pa
/ɒ/	/ɔ/	bod, pot, cot
/ɔ:/	/ɔ/	bawd, paw, caught
/oʊ/	/o/	beau, hoe, poke
/ʊ/	/ə/	good, foot, put
/u:/	/ə/	booed, food
/ʌ/	/ʌ/	bud, putt

- **DIPHTHONGS**

/aɪ/	/ae/ ~ /eɪ/	buy, ride, write
/aʊ/	/ʌu/	how, pout
/ɔɪ/	/oi/	boy, hoy
/ju:/	/jʌ/	hue, pew, new

Phonology: Vowels

- R-COLOURED VOWELS

/ɪr/	/ɪr/	mirror (also in <i>fir</i>)
/ɪər/	/ɪr/	beer, mere
/ɛr/	/ɛr/	berry, merry (also in <i>her</i>)
/ɛər/	/er/	bear, mare, Mary
/ær/	/ar/	barrow, marry
/ɑr/		bar, mar
/ɔr/	/ɔr/	moral, forage
/ɔər/	/ɔr/	born, for
/ɔər/	/or/	boar, four, more
/ʊər/	/ur/	boor, moor
/ʌr/	/ʌr/	hurry, Murray (also in <i>fur</i>)
/ɜr/ (ɜ̃)	/ɪr/, /ɛr/, /ʌr/	bird, herd, fury

- SCOTTISH VOWEL LENGTH RULE

Phonology: Consonants

- Stops
- /t/
- /χ, ʍ/
- /θ, ð/
- /r/ (<http://www.phonetics.ucla.edu/course/chapter1/consonants1.html>)
- /h/ (<http://www.varieties.mouton-content.com/secure/generalmodules/varieties/areas/sse/info/start.html>)

Morphology

- **Irregular verbs**
 - Brung = brought
 - Sellt = sold
 - Froze = frozen
- **Pronouns**
 - Yous
 - Us = me
 - Mines
- **Demonstrative adjectives**
 - Them = those

Syntax

- Number agreement
 - Plural subject nouns are used with *is, was*
- Numerals
 - Combined with singular nouns
- Negation
 - *Not, no*
 - Suffixes *n't, nae*
- Modal verbs
 - No *shall, may, ought*
 - *Want* replaces *should*
 - Double modals

Syntax

- Tense and aspect
 - Stative verbs in progressive verbs
- Interrogatives
 - *How* instead of *why*
 - *Whereabout* is *where (about)*
- Reflexives
 - *Myself* for *me, I*
- Prepositions and adverbs
 - *Off* = *from*
 - *In, out, down, up* (no *to*)
 - *Outside* is followed by *of*

Conclusions

- Difficult to draw conclusions because of the different dialects in Scottish English.
- Scottish English is still a language in progress.
- Standard Scottish English is taking over characteristics from other Scots dialects.
- Many uses are not only Scots-specific, but also sociolinguistic.

References

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- www.scottishcorpus.ac.uk (School of English and Scottish Language and Literature at Glasgow University)